LEGISLATIVE SURVEY ON JAILS AND DETENTION

March 1990

Research Report

Prepared by

Montana Legislative Council

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LEGISLATIVE SURVEY ON JAILS AND DETENTION

Prepared for the Joint Interim Subcommittee on Adult and Juvenile Detention

By Tom Gomez, Staff Researcher Montana Legislative Council

March 1990

INTRODUCTION

This report presents the results of a jail survey conducted by the Joint Interim Subcommittee on Adult and Juvenile Detention. The survey was conducted as part of the legislative study on detention requested by Senate Joint Resolution No. 23 (SJR 23), which was passed by the 1989 Montana Legislature.

The purpose of the survey was to collect data on the current status of municipal and county detention services in Montana, as required by SJR 23. Information collected from the survey is intended to assist the Interim Subcommittee in determining the nature and extent of current jail and detention problems in Montana. In addition, the survey results will enable the Subcommittee to assess the need for improved adult and juvenile detention services in the state.

SURVEY DESIGN AND IMPLEMENTATION

The jail survey was conducted in January 1990 based on a written questionnaire that was mailed to sheriffs in all 56 counties of the state and to the chiefs of police in five cities that were listed by the state as operating a municipal jail facility.

The survey questionnaire was developed by the Subcommittee staff from the Montana Legislative Council and the staff of the Montana Board of Crime Control. In addition, assistance was received from the

Board of Directors of the Montana Sheriffs and Peace Officers Association, who offered a number of comments and suggestions in the development of the survey.

The survey consisted of two parts -- a "General Information" survey and a "Jail Population" survey. The General Information survey consisted of 41 questions relating to: the number and type of jails in the state; the age and physical condition of jails; the capacity and utilization of jail facilities; the number of lawsuits and court actions involving local jails; the detention of juveniles in adult jails; the jailing of the mentally ill in local detention facilities; and other issues pertinent to the legislative study on detention.

The Jail Population survey was designed primarily as a census of all adults and juveniles arrested or held in jail during a selected survey period. Data collected in the survey includes the number of adults arrested or held in jail on Wednesday, January 24, 1990, reported by offense and detention status. Also included is a special survey item on the racial and offender characteristics of juveniles confined in jail during a 7-day period from January 18-24, 1990. This survey item was developed and analyzed by the staff of the Board of Crime Control.

The survey was mailed on January 17, 1990, together with instructions for completing the survey questionnaire. Local officials were asked to complete and return the survey by January 29, 1990.

Of the 61 units of local government asked to participate in the survey, a total of 48 responded by completing and returning the survey forms, resulting in a 79% survey response. Those completing the survey represented 45 counties and 3 municipal governments, including 1 county which completed survey forms for 2 separate jail facilities operated by the county. Because these respondents include all counties with major population areas -- as well as an array of rural, sparsely populated counties -- the survey should provide a fair and accurate representation of jails and detention in Montana.

RESULTS OF THE SURVEY

Jail Data

Number and type of jails

The jail survey identified 47 jail and detention facilities in Montana, 45 operated by counties and only 2 operated by a city government. Of these, 36 (77%) were long-term jails, all of which were county facilities, including 2 which were operated by Rosebud County.

Eleven of all facilities surveyed (23%) were 72-hour lockups, including the two jails operated by city government. (See Table 1)

Two jurisdictions -- one county and one city -- reported that they did not operate a jail, indicating instead that they contracted with another jurisdiction to house their prisoners.

| Tat | 1 | |
|------|----|------|
| Туре | of | Jail |

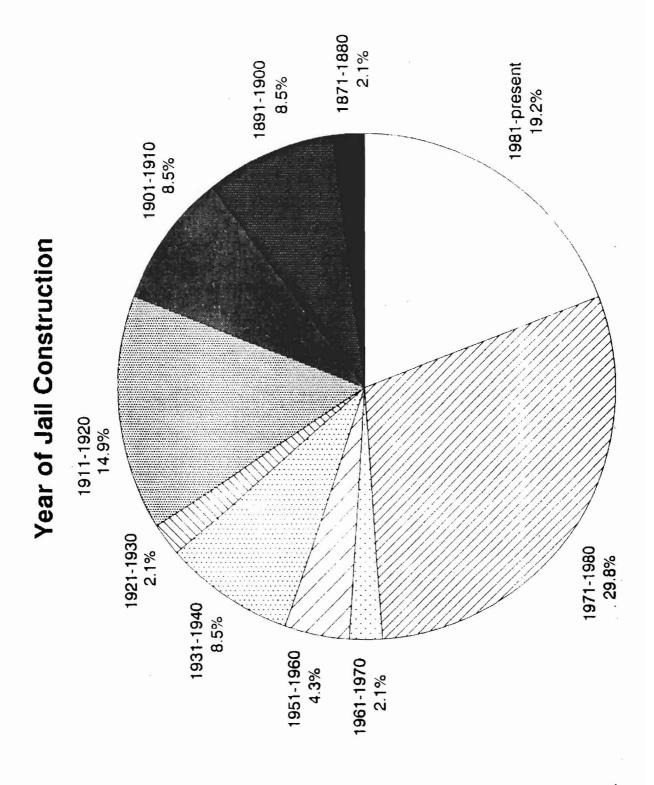
| Type | County | City | Total | Percent | |
|----------------|--------|----------|-----------|---------|--|
| Long-term jail | 36 | 0 | 36 | 77 | |
| 72-hour lockup | _9 | <u>2</u> | <u>11</u> | _23 | |
| TOTAL | 45 | 2 | 47 | 100% | |
| | | | | | |

Year of jail construction

Twenty-four of the 47 jails surveyed (51%) were built in the last 30 years. Nine of these (19%) are new jails built since 1981.

Twenty-one of all jails (45%) were built 50 or more years ago. Five of these were built in 1900 or earlier, with the oldest jail reportedly built in 1875. (See Figure 1)

Figure 1



Major renovation, expansion, or improvements

Of all jails, 14 (30%) reported no need for any major renovation, expansion, or improvements since construction of the jail. Of the remainder, only four (8.5%) reported no major renovation, expansion, or improvements of the jail in the last 30 years or more. (See Table 2)

Without exception, all jails that reported no need for renovation or other improvements were newer facilities built within the last 20 years. Conversely, all four jails reporting no major renovation or improvements in the last 30 years were old jails constructed 70 or more years ago. (See Table 3)

Table 2
Length of Time Since Last Major Renovation,
Expansion, or Improvements

| Number of Years | No. of Jails | Percent |
|---|--------------|---------|
| 5 years or less | 9 | 19.0 |
| 6-10 years | 8 | 17.0 |
| 11-15 years | 4 | 8.5 |
| 16-20 years | 6 | 13.0 |
| 21-25 years | 0 | 0.0 |
| 26-30 years | 0 | 0.0 |
| More than 30 years | 4 | 8.5 |
| Not applicable, No renovation, etc. needed | 14 | 30.0 |
| Do not know | _2 | 4.0 |
| TOTAL | 47 | 100% |
| | | |

Table 3

Length of Time Since Last Major Renovation, Expansion, or Improvements by Age and Distribution of Jails

| Year of Construction Nur | | | | | umber of Years | | | | |
|--------------------------|-----|------|-------|-------|----------------|-------|------|-----|-----|
| | 0-5 | 6-10 | 11-15 | 16-20 | 21-25 | 26-30 | 30 + | N/A | D/K |
| 1871-1880 | • | • | - | 1 | • | - | - | - | |
| 1881-1890 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 1891-1900 | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | 2 | | 1 |
| 1901-1910 | 1 | 1 | 1 | - | | | 1 | | - |
| 1911-1920 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | - | | 1 | | - |
| 1921-1930 | 1 | - | - | • | - | | - | | - |
| 1931-1940 | 2 | • | 1 | 1 | * . • | | - | • | - |
| 1941-1950 | | | • | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 1951-1960 | - | 1 | • | - | - | - | • | - | 1 |
| 1961-1970 | • | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 1971-1980 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 2 | - | • | - | 8 | - |
| 1981-1990 | 2 | 1 | - | - | - | - | | 6 | - |

In order to determine the quality of renovation and improvements to the jail, data was collected describing the type of renovation, expansion, or improvements reported by local jails. The data shows that 12 jails (26%) underwent facility enhancements (such as the addition of office space, an intake area, a new exercise room, or other

improvements). Three jails (6%) reported that the jail was completely renovated or replaced since the date of original construction. Each of these facilities was originally built 50 or more years ago. (See Table 4)

Table 4

Type of Renovation, Expansion, or Improvements

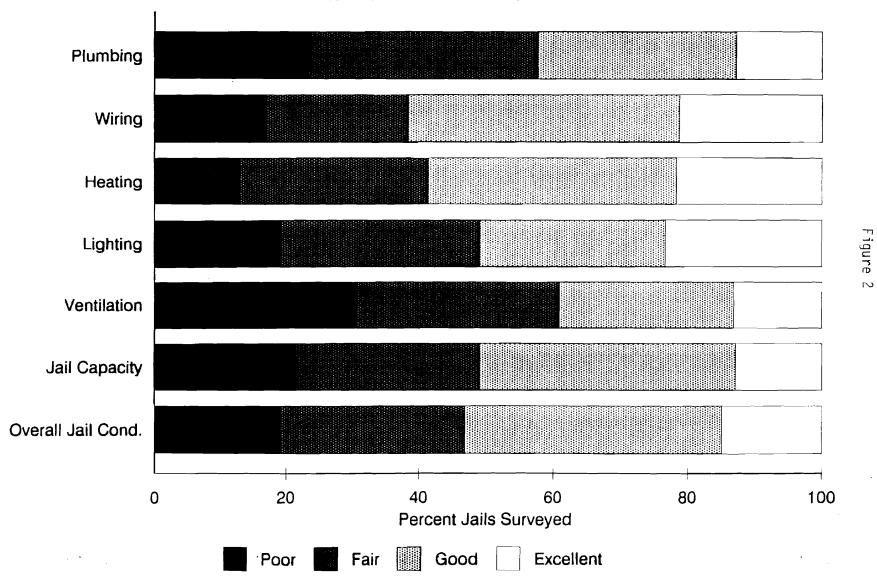
| Туре | No. of Jails | Percent |
|-------------------------------|--------------|---------|
| No answer | 24 | 51.0 |
| Basic maintenance/improvement | 4 | 8.5 |
| Facility enhancement | 12 | 26.0 |
| Expansion | 4 | 8.5 |
| Major remodeling/replacement | 3 | 6.0 |
| TOTAL | 47 | 100% |
| | | |

Jail conditions

A majority of all jails surveyed were rated by local officials as being in poor or fair condition in such areas as plumbing and ventilation. Electrical wiring and heating systems in local jails were generally rated as good or excellent.

However, an almost equal number of jails were rated in poor or fair condition as those rated in good or excellent condition in areas such as lighting, total jail capacity, and the overall conditions of the jail. (See Figure 2)

JAIL CONDITIONS



Available bedspace

The jail survey revealed a total of 1,130 beds currently available in the 47 jails surveyed. This figure excludes cots or mattresses placed on the floor during periods of overcrowding in the jail, and does not count beds in pods or other areas of the jail that are not currently in use.

Of the total number of beds currently available in local jails, 169 are routinely set aside for adult females and 90 for juveniles.

Local officials reported that, if the full designed capacity of the jail were utilized (e.g., if additional funds were made available to open pods or other areas of the jail not currently in use), an additional 331 beds would be available in jails statewide.

Type of cells

Of the total number of jail cells in local facilities, most are multi-person cells or dormitories. However, slightly fewer than half of all jail cells are one-person cells. (See Table 5)

Privacy of cells

Seventy percent of all jails surveyed have open-barred cells (i.e., cells that are typically enclosed with steel-barred doors, which allow inmates to be seen through the open steel grating). (See Table 6)

Forty percent of all jails have toilet facilities which are not located away from the view of passersby. (See Table 7)

Table 5

Type and Number of Available Jail Cells

| T | No. of India | <u> </u> |
|------------------|--------------|----------|
| Type of cell | No. of Jails | Percent |
| 1-person cells | 303 | 48 |
| 2-person cells | 172 | 27 |
| 3-person cells | 15 | 2 |
| 4-person cells | 38 | 6 |
| 5 - 10 bed dorm | 23 | 4 |
| 11 - 20 bed dorm | 8 | 1 |
| Isolation cells | 28 | 5 |
| Holding cells | 28 | 5 |
| Trusty quarters | 5 | 1 |
| Other | <u>6</u> | 1 |
| TOTAL | 626 | 100% |
| | | |

Health, sanitation, and fire safety

Seventy percent of all jails in the survey had a written plan governing the safety and evacuation of inmates in the event of a fire in the jail. However, only about half of all jails reported that they had fire safety inspections on a regular basis, at least once every 18 months, as required under section 50-61-114, MCA. (See Tables 8 and 9)

A greater percentage of all jails (79%) indicated that they had written policies and procedures governing the general health and sanitary conditions of the jail. However, less than half of all jails surveyed (47%) reported regular, annual inspections of the health and sanitary conditions of the jail, as required under section 50-1-203, MCA, and ARM 16.10.1001. (See Tables 10 and 11)

Table 6

Jails With Open-barred Cells

| Have open-barred cells? | No. of Jails | Percent |
|-------------------------|--------------|---------|
| Yes | 33 | 70 |
| No | 14 | 30 |
| TOTAL | 47 | 100% |

Table 7

Jails with Toilet Facilities Located

Away from View of Passersby

| Toilets located away | | |
|-------------------------|--------------|---------|
| from view of passersby? | No. of Jails | Percent |
| Yes | 28 | 60 |
| No | <u>19</u> | _40 |
| TOTAL | 47 | 100% |
| | | |

Table 8

Jails That Have a Written Fire Plan

| Have written fire plan? | No. of Jails | Percent |
|-------------------------|--------------|---------|
| Yes | 33 | 70 |
| No | 10 | 21 |
| Don't know | _4 | 9 |
| TOTAL | 47 | 100% |
| | | |

Table 9

Jails Reporting Regular Fire Inspections

| | | _ |
|---------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| Have regular inspections? | No. of Jails | Percent |
| Yes | 27 | 58 |
| No | 17 | 36 |
| Don't know | _3 | <u>6</u> |
| TOTAL | 47 | 100% |
| | | |

Table 10

Jails that Have Written Policies and Procedures
Governing Health and Sanitary Conditions

| Have written policies | | |
|--------------------------|--------------|---------|
| <u>& procedures?</u> | No. of Jails | Percent |
| Yes | 37 | 79 |
| No | 8 | 17 |
| Don't know | _2 | 4 |
| TOTAL | 47 | 100% |
| | | |

Table 11

Jails Reporting Regular, Annual

Health and Sanitation Inspections

| Have regular, annual inspections? | No. of Jails | Percent |
|-----------------------------------|--------------|---------|
| Yes | 22 | 47 |
| No | 21 | 45 |
| Don't know | _4 | 8 |
| TOTAL | 47 | 100% |
| | | |

Lawsuits and court orders

Only two jails in the survey (4%) reported that they are currently under a federal or state court order relating to operation of the jail. (See Table 12)

Statewide, only five jails (11%) have ever been under court order involving operation of the jail. (See Table 13)

Of all jails surveyed, nine (19%) reported lawsuits involving the jail that are currently pending in court. (See Table 14)

Eight jails (17%) reported a total of 13 lawsuits involving the jail filed during calendar year 1989. Of these lawsuits, 14% were filed as a result of a suicide or jail death; 9% because of alleged overcrowding; 9% due to the lack of recreation/day activities; 9% on allegations of inadequate health care or denial of medical treatment; 9% based on complaints of unsanitary/unhealthy/unsafe jail conditions; and 9% on account of inadequate jail staff. (See Figure 3)

Reasons for Lawsuits

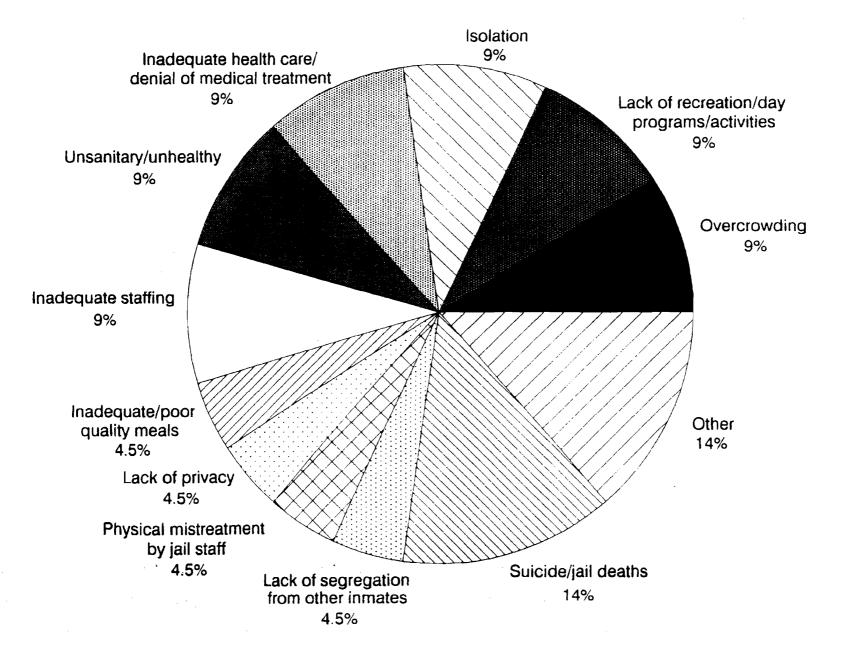


Table 12

Jails Currently Under Court Order

| Are you currently | | |
|--------------------|--------------|----------------|
| under court order? | No. of Jails | <u>Percent</u> |
| Yes | 2 | 4 |
| No | <u>45</u> | _96 |
| TOTAL | 47 | 100% |
| | | |

Table 13

Jails Previously Under Court Order

| Percent |
|-----------|
| 11 |
| 78 |
| <u>11</u> |
| 100% |
| |

Table 14
Lawsuits Involving the Jail
Currently Pending in Court

| Are any lawsuits currently pending? | No. of Jails | Percent |
|-------------------------------------|--------------|---------|
| Yes | 9 | 19 |
| No | <u>38</u> | _81 |
| TOTAL | 47 | 100% |

Jailing of juveniles

Thirty-four of all jails surveyed (72%) report that juveniles are detained or confined in their jail. Thirteen jails (28%) reported that they do not accept or hold juveniles. (See Table 15)

Of those jails which hold juveniles, six (18%) reported that status offenders or nonoffenders are kept in their jail. (See Table 16)

The juvenile court routinely sentences juveniles to confinement in only four of the 34 jails (12%) that hold juveniles. (See Table 17)

Table 15

Jails that Hold Juveniles

| No. of Jails | Percent |
|--------------|-----------------|
| 34 | 72 |
| <u>13</u> | 28 |
| 47 | 100% |
| | 34 <u>13</u> |

Table 16

Jails that Hold Juveniles

Reported by Number which Hold Status Offenders

or Nonoffenders

| Are status offenders or | | |
|----------------------------|--------------|-----------|
| nonoffenders held in jail? | No. of Jails | Percent |
| Yes | 6 | 18 |
| No | <u>28</u> | <u>82</u> |
| TOTAL | 34 | 100% |
| | | |

Table 17

Jails Reporting Routine Court Sentencing of Juveniles to Jail

| Does the juvenile court routinely | | |
|-----------------------------------|--------------|---------|
| sentence juveniles to jail? | No. of Jails | Percent |
| Yes | 4 | 12 |
| No | 29 | 85 |
| Don't know | _1 | 3 |
| TOTAL | 34 | 100% |
| | | |

Facilities available for juveniles

Of those jails that hold juveniles, five (15%) have a separate floor or wing available for juveniles. Twenty-one jails (62%) have a separate juvenile cell or dormitory apart from the adult cells. Only six jails (18%) have no separate facilities available for the detention of juveniles. (See Table 18)

However, while most jails have separate facilities for juveniles, eleven (32%) report that they do not always keep juveniles in an area of the jail that provides physical, as well as sight and sound, separation from adults. (See Table 19)

Table 18
Facilities Available for the Detention of Juveniles

| Type | No. of Jails | Percent |
|---|--------------|---------|
| Entirely separate floor or wing of jail | 5 | 15 |
| Separate cell or dormitory apart from adults | 21 | 62 |
| No special facilities. Use any available cell or area in the jail | 6 | 18 |
| Other | _2 | 5 |
| TOTAL | 34 | 100% |
| | | |

Table 19
Separation of Juveniles from Adults in Jail

| Are juveniles kept in area that | | |
|---------------------------------|--------------|---------|
| provides physical, as well as | | |
| sight and sound, separation? | No. of Jails | Percent |
| Yes | 23 | 68 |
| No | <u>11</u> | _32 |
| TOTAL | 34 | 100% |
| | | |

Alternative facilities

Of all jails surveyed, 23 (49%) reported that foster care was commonly used as an alternative to detention of juveniles in jail.

Eighteen jails in the survey (38%) said that youth group homes were used as an alternative to jail, and 13 (28%) reported that they used a juvenile detention center.

Nineteen jails (40%) reported other alternatives to the detention of juveniles in jail, including 5 (11%) who said they simply turned juveniles over to the youth probation authorities. (See Table 20)

Table 20 Facilities Used as an Alternative to Jail

| | No. of Jails | Percent of |
|---------------------------|---------------|-------------|
| <u>Type</u> | Reporting Use | Total Jails |
| Youth foster home | · 23 | 49% |
| Youth group home | 18 | 38% |
| Juvenile detention center | 13 | 28% |
| Other | 19 | 40% |
| | | |

Jailing of the mentally ill

Twenty-three of all jails surveyed (49%) reported that they routinely handle mentally ill persons in their jail. (See Table 21)

Nineteen jails (40%) reported that they hold mentally ill persons without a criminal charge pending a hearing or trial to determine whether such persons should be committed to a mental health facility. (See Table 22)

Statewide, there were 315 mentally ill persons held in local jails during calendar year 1989. This number includes those charged with a criminal offense and those held without criminal charges pending a civil commitment hearing.

Facilities available for the mentally ill

Of all jails in the state, 17 (36%) have no special facilities for the detention of mentally ill persons. These jails use any available cell or area in the jail to hold persons who are mentally ill.

Sixteen jails (34%) have special padded cells or isolation cells for mentally ill persons.

Twenty-eight jails (60%) routinely transfer mentally ill persons to a mental health facility rather than keeping them in jail. (See Table 23)

| Table 21 Jails that Routinely Handle Mentally III Persons | | |
|--|--------------|---------|
| Routinely handle mentally | | |
| ill person? | No. of Jails | Percent |
| Yes | 23 | 49 |
| No | <u>24</u> | _51 |
| TOTAL | 47 | 100% |
| | | |

Table 22

Jails that Hold Mentally III Persons

Pending a Commitment Hearing

| Are mentally ill | | | |
|-----------------------|--------------|----------------|--|
| persons held pending | | | |
| a commitment hearing? | No. of Jails | <u>Percent</u> | |
| Yes | 19 | 40 | |
| No | <u>28</u> | 60 | |
| TOTAL | 47 | 100% | |
| | | | |

Table 23
Facilities Available for the Mentally III

| | | Percent of |
|---|--------------|-------------|
| Type | No. of Jails | Total Jails |
| Padded cell or isolation cell | 16 | 34% |
| No special facilities. Use any available cell or area in jail | 17 | 36% |
| Transfer person to mental health facility | 28 | 60% |
| Other | 4 | 8% |
| | | |

Suicides

During the past 5 years, there were 13 suicides committed in local jails. These suicides occurred in 10 of the 47 jails (21%) participating in the survey.

Contracts with other jurisdictions to house prisoners

Fewer than half of all jails (49%) contract with other cities or counties to house some of their own prisoners. (See Table 24)

The average daily charge for housing prisoners from another jurisdiction ranges from between \$20 to \$30 depending on the type of prisoner being held. However, not all jails charge to hold prisoners from other jurisdictions. (See Table 25)

Table 24

Jails that Contract with Other Jurisdictions to House Their Own Prisoners

| Do you contract with | | | | | |
|------------------------------|--------------|----------------|--|--|--|
| another jurisdiction to | | | | | |
| house any of your prisoners? | No. of Jails | <u>Percent</u> | | | |
| Yes | 23 | 49 | | | |
| No | <u>24</u> | <u>51</u> | | | |
| TOTAL | 47 | 100% | | | |
| | | | | | |

Table 25

Average Daily Charge for Housing Prisoners

from Another Jurisdiction

| | | | Average |
|----------------------|--------------|---------|------------|
| Jurisdiction | No. of Jails | Percent | Daily Chg. |
| State prison | 4 | 9% | \$25.00 |
| Highway patrol | 17 | 36% | \$20.14 |
| Other state agency | 7 | 15% | \$25.71 |
| Federal | 11 | 23% | \$29.88 |
| County | 12 | 26% | \$24.00 |
| City | 9 | 19% | \$20.53 |
| Indian tribal agency | 6 | 13% | \$25.83 |
| Other state | 9 | 19% | \$24.22 |
| Foreign jurisdiction | 6 | 13% | \$28.83 |

Consolidation or regionalization of jails

Of the 47 sheriffs and chiefs of police surveyed, a small majority (55%) indicated support for consolidation or regionalization of jails in their area. Of the remainder, 21% voiced opposition to consolidation or regionalization of jails, and 24% were undecided on the issue. (See Table 26)

Table 26
Opinions on Consolidation or Regionalization of Jails

| Do you support consolidation/ | | |
|-------------------------------|------------------|----------------|
| regionalization of jails? | No. of Responses | <u>Percent</u> |
| Yes | 26 | 55 |
| No | 10 | 21 |
| Don't know | <u>11</u> | 24 |
| TOTAL | 47 | 100% |
| | | |

Major problems affecting local jails

Local authorities were asked, in the survey, to name the 5 most serious problems affecting their jail, ranking them in order of importance.

Their responses show that the single, most serious problem affecting jails, as mentioned by 12 of all those surveyed (26%), is the need for a new jail.

Other problems cited by local authorities as the most serious problem currently facing Montana jails are: (1) the detention of juveniles in jail (13%); (2) the jail is understaffed (13%); (3) the jail cannot afford to pay medical costs for indigent prisoners (9%); (4) lack of funding for jail operations (9%); and (5) jailing of the mentally ill (9%).

The five problems most often mentioned by those surveyed, in order of frequency of responses provided, are: (1) the jail cannot afford to pay medical costs for indigent prisoners (55%); (2) the detention of juveniles in jail (45%); (3) jailing of the mentally ill (42%); and (4) - (5) (3-way tie) lack of funding for jail operations (40%); lack of funding for needed capital improvements (40%); and inadequate recreation or day programs (40%). (See Table 27)

Table 27
Current Problems Affecting Local Jails

| | | mporta | | | | M |
|--|----|--------|---|---|-------|-----------|
| | | ortant | | • | | • |
| Problem | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | Mentioned |
| Overcrowding | 0 | 3 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 5 |
| Suicides | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 6 |
| Jailing of mentally ill | 4 | 3 | 3 | 6 | 4 | 20 |
| Detention of juveniles | 6 | 4 | 4 | 5 | 2 | 21 |
| Segregation of inmates | 3 | 2 | 5 | 2 | 5 | 17 |
| No. of inmates serving weekend sentences | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 4 |
| Cannot afford inmate medical costs | 4 | 11 | 3 | 3 | 5 | 26 |
| Inadequate recreation/ day programs | 2 | 0 | 9 | 6 | 2 | 19 |
| Need major repairs | 1 | 6 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 15 |
| Need expansion | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 4 |
| Need new jail | 12 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 15 |
| Jail is understaffed | 6 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 6 | 17 |
| Staff needs training | 1 | 4 | 2 | 5 | 2 | 14 |
| Lack of funding for operations | 4 | 4 | 3 | 6 | 2 | 19 |
| Lack of funding for capital improvements | 1 | 3 | 6 | 3 | 6 | 19 |
| Lawsuits | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 4 |
| Other | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| | | | | | | |

Jail standards

Of all sheriffs and chiefs of police surveyed, only one (2%) reported that the jail fully meets current, accepted jail standards. Eighteen (38%) indicated that the jail substantially meets current standards. Twenty-four of those surveyed (51%) said the jail did not meet current jail standards, and four (9%) did not know whether the jail met standards. (See Table 28)

| Table 28 | | | | | |
|----------|------|------|---------|------|-----------|
| Jails | that | Meet | Current | Jail | Standards |

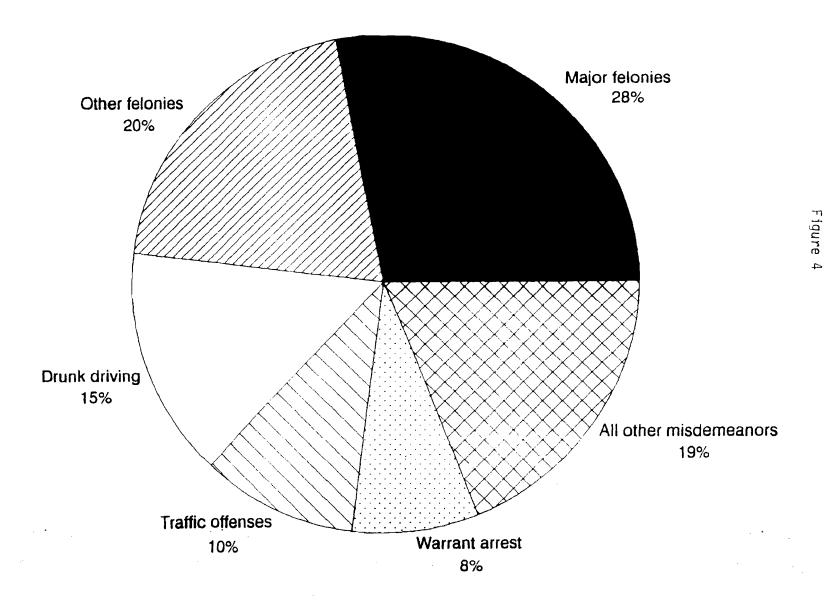
| Does the jail meet current standards? | No. of Jails | Percent |
|---|--------------|---------|
| Yes, jail fully meets standards | 1 | 2 |
| Yes, jail substantially meets standards | 18 | 38 |
| No, jail does not meet standards | 24 | 51 |
| Don't know | _4 | 9 |
| TOTAL | 47 | 100% |
| | | |

Jail Population Data

Adult inmates in jail

On the date of the survey, there were 740 adults in county and city jails.

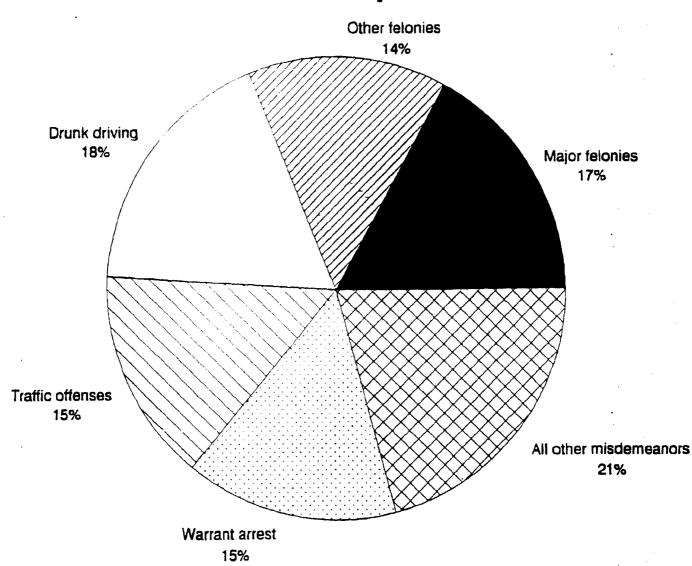
Of the total number of adults in jail, over half (52%) were in jail on charges or conviction of a misdemeanor offense. Misdemeanor drunk driving offenses accounted for 15% of all adults in jail, and misdemeanor traffic offenses accounted for another 10% of all adults in jail. (See Figure 4)



By comparison, the large majority of adults arrested on the date of the survey (69%) were also for misdemeanor offenses.

Misdemeanor drunk driving and traffic offenses also represented a great percentage (33%) of all adults arrested that day. (See Figure 5)

Figure 5
Adults Arrested by Offense

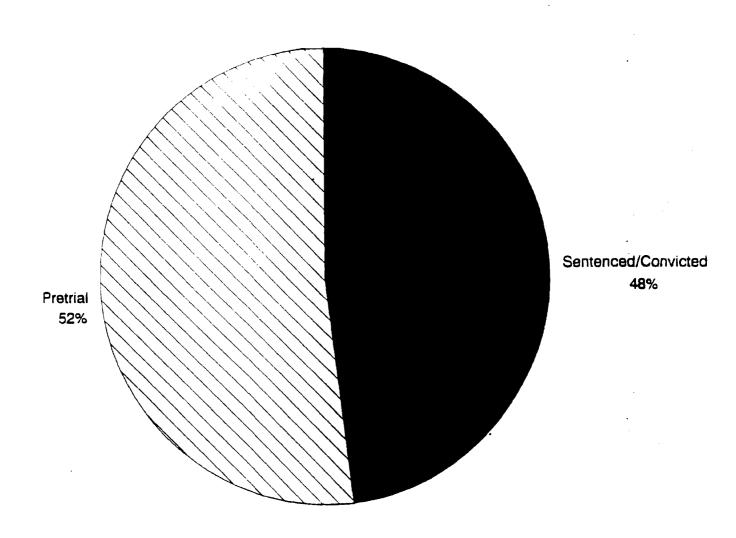


Detention status of inmates

The majority of adults in jail on the date of the survey (52%), were pretrial detainees. The remainder of those held in jail (48%) were serving a sentence or convicted of a crime. (See Figure 6)

Figure 6

Adult Inmates in Jail by Detention Status

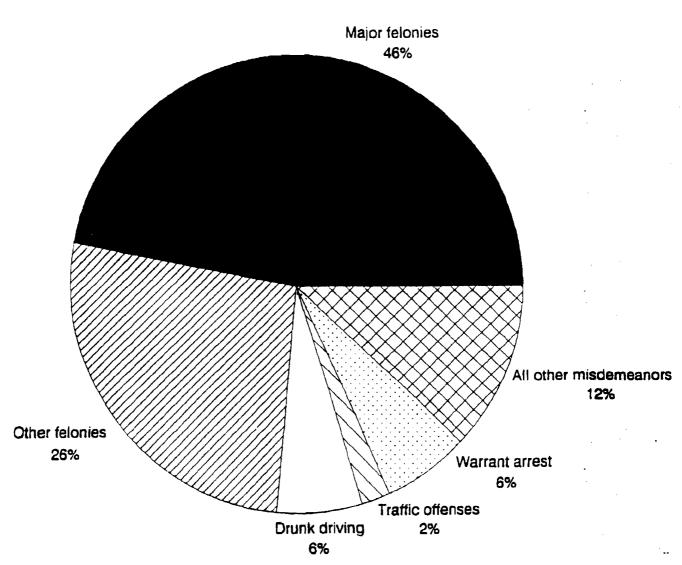


Of all pretrial detainees, the vast majority (72%) were charged with felony offenses. Almost half alone (46%) were held for one of seven major felonies, including aggravated assault, burglary, homicide, larceny/theft, motor vehicle theft, rape, and robbery.

Only 6% of all pretrial detainees were charged with misdemeanor drunk driving offenses, and only 2% were charged with misdemeanor traffic offenses. (See Figure 7)

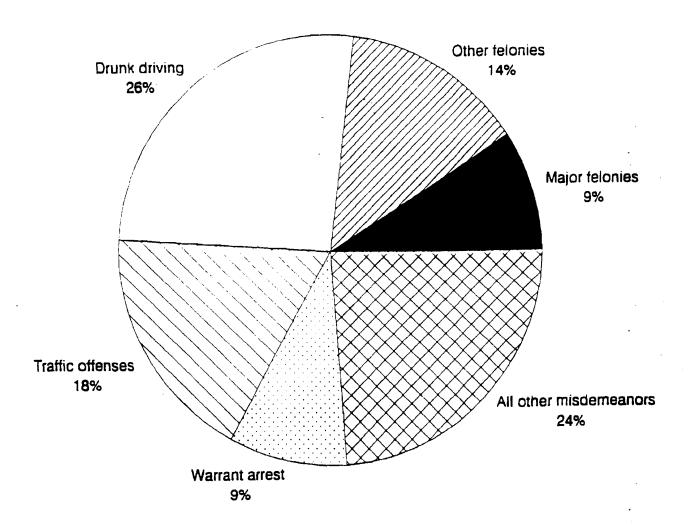
Figure 7

Pretrial Adult Inmates in Jail by Offense



In contrast, of those adults in jail who were serving a sentence or convicted of a crime, 26% were for misdemeanor drunk driving offenses and 18% for misdemeanor traffic offenses. Only 23% of all those sentenced or convicted of a crime were held for felony offenses. In addition, only 9% of the total were in jail for serious major felonies, such as homicide or rape. (See Figure 8)

Sentenced or Convicted Adult Inmates in Jail by Offense



Prisoners from other jurisdictions

According to the survey, 244 of all adults in jail (35%) were prisoners from another jurisdiction. Almost half of these (45%) were prisoners held for a city law enforcement agency, generally without charge. Of the remainder, 11% were inmates of the state prison, 15% were prisoners arrested by the Montana Highway Patrol, and 11% were prisoners of a federal law enforcement agency.

Jail overcrowding

Based on a cross-tabulation of survey data, 5 jails were identified as overcrowded on the date of the survey. In each of these jails, the actual jail population exceeded the total number of permanent beds available in the jail. Together, these 5 jails had a total of 376 adults in jail, but only 293 permanent beds. Four of these jails were large detention facilities with a capacity of 50 or more beds. These 4 jails had 24% of the total jail capacity in the state and 46% of all inmates.

The survey also revealed that 9 jails experience at least some occasional overcrowding. In these jails, the greatest number of inmates held on a single day exceeded the number of permanent beds during calendar year 1989. Represented in this group were jails in some of the largest counties of this state, including Yellowstone, Missoula, Cascade, Flathead, and Silver Bow Counties.

Underutilized jails

The survey showed that 5 jails had no adults in jail on the day of the survey.

The survey also showed that 13 jails had only 30 inmates, but had 98 beds available (31% occupancy) and another 11 jails had 39

inmates, yet had 169 beds available (23% occupancy). These jails with low occupancy accounted for only 9% of the total adult jail population on the day of the survey, but had 24% of the total jail capacity in the state.

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APPENDIX

MONTANA STATE LEGISLATURE INTERIM SUBCOMMITTEE ON ADULT AND JUVENILE DETENTION JAIL SURVEY

General Information

| | Total | Responses |
|---|---------------|---------------|
| 1. Type of jail facility | # | 8 |
| 72-hour lockup | 11 | 22.45 |
| Long-term jail Do not operate a jail | 36 2 | 73.47 4.08 |
| 20 not operate a juit | - | . 4.00 |
| 2. Date jail facilities were built 1871 - 1880 | 1 | 2.13 |
| 1881 - 1890 | 0 | 0.00 |
| 1891 - 1900 | 4 | 8.51 |
| 1901 - 1910 | 4 | 8.51 |
| 1911 - 1920 | 7 | 14.89 |
| 1921 - 1930 1931 - 1940 | 1 4 | 2.13 8.51 |
| 1941 - 1950 | 0 | 0.00 |
| 1951 - 1960 | 2 | 4.26 |
| 1961 - 1970 | 1 | · 2.13 |
| 1971 - 1980 | 14 | 29. 79 |
| 1981 - present | 9 | 19.15 |
| 3. How long since major renovation | | |
| 5 years or less | 9 | 19.15 |
| 6 - 10 years | 8 | 17.02 |
| 11 - 15 years | 4 6 | 8.51 12.77 |
| 16 - 20 years 21 - 25 years | 0 | 0.00 |
| 26 - 30 years | ő | 0.00 |
| over 30 years | 4 | 8.51 |
| not applicable | 14 | 29.79 |
| do not know | 2 | 4.26 |
| 3a. Type of renovation | | |
| No answer | 24 | 51.06 |
| Basic maintenance/improvement | 4 12 | 8.51 25.53 |
| Facility enhancement Expansion | 4 | 8.51 |
| Major remodeling | 0 | 0.00 |
| Replacement | 3 | 6.38 |
| | | * |

| 4. Jail conditions Plumbing | | |
|-----------------------------------|----------|----------------|
| | | • |
| poor fair | 11 | 23.40 |
| good | 16 | 34.04 |
| excellent | 14 | 29.79 |
| excerrent | 6 | 12.77 |
| Wiring | | |
| poor | 8 | 17.02 |
| fair | 10 | 21.28 |
| good | 19 | 40.43 |
| excellent | 10 | 21.28 |
| Heating | | |
| poor | 6 | 13.04 |
| fair | 13 | 28.26 |
| good | 17 | 36.96 |
| excellent | 10 | 21.74 |
| Lighting | | • |
| poor | 9 | 10.15 |
| fair | 14 | 19.15 |
| good | | 29.79 |
| excellent | 13 11 | 27.66 23.40 |
| Ventilation | | 23.10 |
| | | • • • • • |
| poor fair | 14 | 30.43 |
| | 14 | 30.43 |
| good excellent | 12 | 26.09 |
| excerrent | 6 | 13.04 |
| Jail capacity | | |
| poor | 10 | 21.28 |
| fair | 13 | 27.66 |
| good | 18 | 38.30 |
| excellent | 6 | 12.77 |
| Overall jail conditions | | |
| poor | 9 | 19.15 |
| fair | 13 | 27.66 |
| good | 18 | 38.30 |
| excellent | 7 | . 14.89 |
| 5. Beds currently available | 1130 | |
| 6. Beds for adult females | 169 | |
| Beds for juveniles | 90 | |
| • | 30 | |
| Additional beds | 331 | |

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| 8. | Type and number of available cells 1-person cells 2-person cells 3-person cells 4-person cells 5 - 10 bed dorm 11 - 20 bed dorm Isolation cells Holding cells Trusty quarters Other | 303 172 15 38 23 8 28 28 28 | 48.40 27.48 2.40 6.07 3.67 1.28 4.47 4.47 0.80 0.96 |
|-----|---|---|--|
| 9. | Open-barred cells Yes No | 33 14 | 70.21 29.79 |
| 10. | Toilet facilities away from view of passers-by Yes No | 28 19 | 59. 57 40. 43 |
| 11. | Written safety plan? Yes No Do not know | 33 10 4 | 70.21 21.28 8.51 |
| 12. | Safety inspections on a regular basis Yes No Do not know | 27 17 3 | 57.45 36.17 6.38 |
| 13. | Written policies on health and sanitary conditions Yes No Do not know | 37 8 2 | 78.72 17.02 4.26 |
| 14. | Health inspections on a regular basis Yes No Do not know | 22 21 4 | 46.81 44.68 8.51 |
| 15. | Now under court order relating to operation of jail? Yes No | 2 45 | 4.26 95.74 |
| 16. | Ever been under court order relating jail operation? Yes No Do not know | 5 3 7 5 | 10.64 78.72 10.64 |

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| 17. Lawsuits involving the jail currently pending in court? Yes No 38 | 19.15 80.85 |
|--|---|
| 18. Any lawsuits involving the jail filed during CY 1989? Yes No 39 | 17.02 82.98 |
| Number of lawsuits 13 | |
| Reasons for lawsuits | |
| a. Overcrowding 2 b. Lack of recreation/day programs/activities 2 c. Unsanitary/unhealthy/unsafe conditions 2 d. Inadequate health care | 15.38 15.38 15.38 |
| denial of medical treatment e. Inadequate clothing, personal necessities f. Inadequate/poor quality meals g. Lack of segregation from other inmates h. Isolation i. Lack of privacy j. Suicide/jail deaths k. Inadequate staffing l. Physical mistreatment by jail staff m. Restriction of visitation rights n. Restriction of access to attorney o. Other | 15.38 0.00 7.69 7.69 15.38 7.69 23.08 15.38 7.69 0.00 0.00 23.08 |
| 19. Are juveniles ever detained or confined in your jail? Yes No 13 | 72.34 27.66 |
| 20. Facilities now available for the detention of juveniles a. Entirely separate floor or wing 5 b. Separate cell or dormitory apart from adults 21 c. No special facilities. Use any available 6 d. Other | 14.71 61.76 17.65 5.88 |
| 21. Juveniles always kept separated from adults? Yes No 11 | 67.65 32.35 |
| 22. Juvenile status offenders or nonoffenders ever confined? Yes No 28 | 17.65 82.35 |
| 23. Juvenile court routinely sentence juveniles to your jail? Yes No Do not know 1 | 11.76 85.29 2.94 |

| a. b. c. | Facilities used as alternative to juveniles in jail? Youth foster home Youth group home Juvenile detention center Other | 23 18 13 19 | 31.51 24.66 17.81 26.03 |
|----------------|--|---------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 25. | Average daily jail population for all inmates in CY 19 | 89? | 629 |
| 26. | Lowest daily number of inmates in CY 1989 | | 370 |
| 27. | Greatest daily number of inmates in CY 1989 | | 961 |
| 28. | Average length of time inmates were held in CY 1989 | | 489 |
| 29. | Average daily population of juveniles in CY 1989 | | 4 |
| 3 0. | Lowest daily number of juveniles held in CY 1989 | | 3 |
| 31. | Greatest daily number of juveniles held in CY 1989 | | 63 |
| 32. | Routinely handle mentally ill persons in your jail? Yes No | 23 24 | 48.94 51.06 |
| 33. | Total number of mentally ill persons held in CY 1989 | | 315 |
| a. b. c. | Facilities routinely available for mentally ill person Padded cell or isolation cell No special facilities. Use any available area Transfer person to mental health facility Other | .s 16 17 28 4 | 24.62 26.15 43.08 6.15 |
| 35. | Mentally ill persons ever held without criminal charge Yes | ? 19 28 | 40.43 59.57 |
| 36. | How many suicides have occurred during the past 5 year | s? | 13 |
| 37. | Contract with another jurisdiction to house prisoners? Yes No | 23 24 | 48.94 51.06 |
| 38. | Support consolidation or regionalization of jails? Yes No Do not know | 26 10 11 | 55.32 21.28 23.40 |

39. Five most serious problems affecting jails

| | | 1 | 2 | Ranking 3 | 4 | 5 |
|----------------|---|---------|----|------------------|------------|---|
| a. | Overcrowding | 0 | 3 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| b. | Suicides | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 |
| c. | Jailing of mentally ill | 4 | 3 | 3 | 6 | 4 |
| d. | Placement of juveniles in jail | 6 | 4 | 4 | 5 | 2 |
| e. | Segregation of inmates | 3 | 2 | 5 | 2 | 5 |
| f. | # of inmates serving weekend jail sentences | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| g. | Medical costs for indigent prisoners | 4 | 11 | 3 | 3 | 5 |
| h. | Recreation/day programs inadequate | 2 | 0 | 9 | 6 | 2 |
| i. | Jail needs major repair or rehabilitation | 1 | 6 | 2 | 3 | 3 |
| j. | Need to expand capacity of jail | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 2 |
| k. | Need a new jail | 12 | 0 | . 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 1. | Jail is understaffed | 6 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 6 |
| m. | Staff needs training | 1 | 4 | 2 | 5 | 2 |
| n. | Lack of funding for operations | 4 | 4 | 3 | 6 | 2 |
| ٥. | Lack of funding for repairs | 1 | 3 | 6 | 3 | 6 |
| p. | Lawsuits | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 3 |
| q. | Other | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| | | | | | | |
| a. b. c. | Does the jail meet current, accepted jail st Jail fully meets standards Jail substantially meets standards Jail does not meet standards Do not know | andards | 1 | 1 8 4 4 | 38. 51. | |

| 41. | Total jail expenses for the fiscal year ending 6/30/89 | |
|-----|--|-----------|
| a. | Personnel | 4,036,486 |
| b. | Operations & Maintenance | 1,892,575 |
| | Inmate medical expenses | 350,460 |
| | Inmate mental health costs | 13,286 |
| c. | Capital Outlay | 107,094 |
| | Total | 5,912,340 |
| | Total expenditure per inmate per day | 27.50 |

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MONTANA STATE LEGISLATURE INTERIM SUBCOMMITTEE ON ADULT AND JUVENILE DETENTION JAIL SURVEY

Jail Population

STATEWIDE TOTAL

| STATEWIDE TOTAL | | | | |
|--------------------------|-----------|---------|------------------|-----------------|
| | | | # held awaiting | |
| Duimanna Oggana | Total # | Total # | trial or prelim. | sentence or |
| Primary Offense | arrested | held | hearing | convicted |
| MAJOR FELONIES | _ | | | |
| Aggravated assault | 2 | 37 | 31 | 6 |
| Burglary | 11 | 51 | 46 | 5 5 |
| Homicide | 1 | 18 | 13 | 5 |
| Larceny/theft | 13 | 65 | 56 | 9 |
| Motor vehicle theft | 2 | 7 | 6 | 1 |
| Rape | 1 | 20 | 14 | 6 |
| Robbery | 2 | 11 | 11 | 0 |
| Total | 32 | 209 | 177 | 32 |
| OTHER FELONIES | | | | |
| Arson | 0 | 2 | 2 | 0 . |
| Drug offenses | 10 | 34 | 21 | 13 |
| Forgery & counterfeiting | 4 | 17 | 14 | . 3 |
| Sex offenses | 2 | 14 | 10 | - 4 |
| Weapons | 0 | 2 | 2 | 0 |
| All other felonies | 11 | 79 | 51 | 28 |
| Total | 27 | 148 | 100 | 48 |
| MISDEMEANOR OFFENSES | | - | | |
| Disturbing the peace | 3 | 8 | 1 | 7 |
| Domestic abuse | 4 | 21 | 12 | 9 |
| Drunk driving | 34 | 114 | 22 | 9 <u>2</u> |
| Fraud | 0 | 0 | 0 | Ō |
| Misdemeanor theft | 10 | 29 | 14 | . 15 |
| Shoplifting | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| Simple assault | 3 | 15 | 8 | . 7 |
| Traffic offenses | 28 | 73 | 9 | 64 |
| Trespassing | 2 | 8 | 3 | 5 |
| Vandalism | ō | 3 | 3 2 | 1 |
| Warrant arrest | 29 | 57 | 25 | 32 |
| All other misdemeanors | 17 | 54 | 13 | 41 |
| Total | 130 | 383 | 110 | 273 |
| | | | | |
| Grand Total | 189 | 740 | 387 | 353 |
| STATEWIDE TOTAL | # inmates | | | % of total held |
| a. State prison | 27 | 4 | 25.00 | 3.6 |
| b. Highway patrol | 37 | 17 | 20.14 | 5.0 |
| c. Other state agency | Ц | 7 | 25.71 | 0.5 |
| d. Federal | 27 | 11 | 29.88 | 3.6 |
| e. Other county | 19 | 12 | 24.00 | 2.6 |
| f. City | 110 | 9 6 | 20.53 | 14.9 |
| g. Indian tribal agency | 1 | 6 | 25.83 | 0.1 |
| h. Other state | 19 | 9 | 24.22 | 2.6 |
| i. Foreign jurisdiction | 0 | 6 | 28.83 | 0.0 |
| Total | 244 | | | 33.0 |
| | | | | |

Type of Renovation by Age of Facility (Percentages)

Type of renovation

| Buil | Lt | | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
|------|----|------|-----|------|------|------|-----|------|
| 1871 | _ | 1880 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 100 |
| 1881 | - | 1890 | *** | *** | *** | **** | *** | **** |
| 1891 | - | 1900 | 75 | 0 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1901 | - | 1910 | 0 | 25 | 50 | 25 | 0 | 0 |
| 1911 | - | 1920 | 14 | 14 | 71 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1921 | - | 1930 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 100 |
| 1931 | - | 1940 | 0 | 0 | 50 | 25 | 0 | 25 |
| 1941 | - | 1950 | *** | **** | **** | **** | *** | *** |
| 1951 | - | 1960 | 50 | 50 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1961 | - | 1970 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 100 | 0 | 0 |
| 1971 | | 1980 | 79 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 0 | 0 |
| 1981 | | 1990 | 88 | 0 | 13 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

Type of Renovation by Age of Facility (Actual Numbers)

Type of Renovation

| Built | | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
|-------------|-----|----|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1871 - 18 | 880 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 1881 - 18 | 890 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1891 - 19 | 900 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1901 - 19 | 910 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| 1911 - 1911 | 920 | 1 | 1 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1921 - 1 | 930 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 1931 - 1 | 940 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 1941 - 1 | 950 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1951 - 1 | 960 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1961 - 1 | 970 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| 1971 - 1 | 980 | 11 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| 1981 - 1 | 990 | 7 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

Condition of Jails by Age (Percentages)

| Вι | ıi] | Lt | Poor | Fair | Good | Excellent |
|------|-----|------|------|------|------|-----------|
| 1871 | _ | 1880 | 0 | 0 | 100 | 0 |
| 1881 | - | 1890 | **** | **** | *** | *** |
| 1891 | | 1900 | 50 | 25 | 25 | 0 |
| 1901 | - | 1910 | 25 | 50 | 25 | 0 |
| 1911 | - | 1920 | 43 | 14 | 43 | 0 |
| 1921 | - | 1930 | 0 | 0 | 100 | 0 |
| 1931 | - | 1940 | 25 | 50 | 25 | 0 |
| 1941 | _ | 1950 | **** | **** | *** | *** |
| 1951 | - | 1960 | 0 | 50 | 50 | 0 |
| 1961 | - | 1970 | 100 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1971 | | 1980 | 7 | 29 | 50 | 14 |
| 1981 | _ | 1990 | 0 | 22 | 22 | 56 |

Condition of Jails by Age (Actual Number)

| Built | | Poor | Fair | Good | Excellent | |
|-------|---|------|------|------|-----------|---|
| 1871 | _ | 1880 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 1881 | - | 1890 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1891 | - | 1900 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| 1901 | - | 1910 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| 1911 | - | 1920 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 0 |
| 1921 | - | 1930 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 1931 | - | 1940 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| 1941 | _ | 1950 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1951 | _ | 1960 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| 1961 | - | 1970 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1971 | - | 1980 | 1 | 4 | 7 | 2 |
| 1981 | - | 1990 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 5 |

Capacity of Jails by Age (Percentages)

| Built | | Poor | Fair | Good | Excellent | |
|-------|---|------|------|------|-----------|------------|
| 1871 | | | 0 | 0 | 100 | 0 |
| 1881 | _ | 1890 | **** | *** | *** | *** |
| 1891 | - | 1900 | 25 | 25 | 50 | 0 |
| 1901 | - | 1910 | 0 | 25 | 75 | 0 |
| 1911 | _ | 1920 | 57 | 14 | 14 | 14 |
| 1921 | | 1930 | 0 | 100 | 0 | 0 |
| 1931 | - | 1940 | 25 | 50 | 25 | 0 |
| 1941 | - | 1950 | *** | **** | **** | *** |
| 1951 | _ | 1960 | 0 | 50 | 50 | 0 |
| 1961 | _ | 1970 | 100 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1971 | - | 1980 | 14 | 21 | 50 | 14 |
| 1981 | - | 1990 | 11 | 33 | 22 | 3 3 |

Capacity of Jails by Age (Actual Number)

| Built | Poor | Fair | Good | Excellent |
|-------------|------|------|------|-----------|
| 1871 - 1880 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 1881 - 1890 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1891 - 1900 | 1 | - 1 | 2 | 0 |
| 1901 - 1910 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 0 |
| 1911 - 1920 | 4 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 1921 - 1930 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| 1931 - 1940 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| 1941 - 1950 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1951 - 1960 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| 1961 - 1970 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1971 - 1980 | 2 | 3 | 7 | 2 |
| 1981 - 1990 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 3 |
| | | | | |

Jails with greatest daily population greater than beds available:

| name | pop high | beds curr |
|---------------|----------|-----------|
| Lewis & Clark | 50 | - 47 |
| Flathead | 77 | 66 |
| Missoula | 93 | 82 |
| Ravalli | 21 | 17 |
| Glacier | 11 | 10 |
| Cascade | 81 | 68 |
| Jefferson | 25 | 23 |
| Yellowstone | 141 | 136 |
| Silver Bow | 43 | 38 |

Total jails:

Jails with number held on 1/24/90 greater than beds available:

| name | held tot | beds curr |
|----------|----------|-----------|
| Flathead | 74 | |
| Missoula | 88 | 82 |
| Cascade | 102 | 68 |
| Lincoln | 37 | -25 |
| Lake | 75 | 52 |

Total jails:

Distribution of Inmates Among Jails With Selected Size Inmate Population Using Number Held on 1/24/90

| # Inmates | # of Jails | Total Inmates | <pre>% of Inmates</pre> |
|-------------|------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| 0 | 5 | 0 | 0 |
| 1-2 3-5 | 11 | 14 | 2 |
| 3-5 6-10 | 2 13 | 10 86 | 12 |
| 11-25 | 4 | 81 | 11 |
| over 25 | 7 | 549 | 74 |
| Total | 42 | 740 | |

Distribution of Inmates Among Jails With Selected Size Inmate Population Using Average Daily Population

| # Inmates | # of Jails | Total Inmates | % of Inmates |
|---------------|------------|---------------|--------------|
| 0 | 6 | 0 | 0 |
| 1-2 3-5 | 10 10 | 17 44 | 3 7 |
| 6-10 11-25 | 6 6 | 38 73 | 6 1 2 |
| over 25 | 8 | 457 | 73 |
| Total | 46 | 629 | |

Occupancy Rate by Capacity of Facility Using Number Held on 1/24/90

| Capacity | <pre># of Jails</pre> | Total Beds | Total Inmates | Total Capacity (%) |
|----------|-----------------------|------------|---------------|--------------------|
| 0-10 | 13 | 98 | 30 | 31 |
| 11-20 | 11 | 169 | 39 | 23 |
| 21-30 | 6 | 144 | 68 | 47 |
| 31-50 | 7 | 265 | 133 | 50 |
| over 50 | 5 | 404 | 470 | 116 |
| Total | 42 | 1080 | 740 | 69 |

Occupancy Rate by Capacity of Facility Using Average Daily Population

| Capacity | # of Jails | Total Beds | Total Inmates | Total Capacity (%) |
|----------|------------|------------|---------------|--------------------|
| 0-10 | 15 | 110 | 33 | 30 |
| 11-20 | 13 | 201 | 64 | 32 |
| 21-30 | 6 | 144 | 50 | 35 |
| 31-50 | 7 | 265 | 112 | 42 |
| over 50 | 5 | 404 | 370 | 92 |
| Total | 46 | 1124 | 629 | 56 |

Table 1

Local Jails Used for the Detention of the Mentally (II and the Number of Mentally III Held in Jail in 1989

| <u>Name</u> | Routinely handle mentally ill in jail? | # Mentally ill persons held |
|---------------------|--|--------------------------------|
| Anaconda-Deer Lodge | Yes | 15 |
| Beaverhead | Yes | 5 |
| Big Horn | Yes | 2 |
| Blaine | No | 1 |
| Broadwater | No | 3 |
| Carbon | No | 0 |
| Cascade | Yes | -NA- |
| Chouteau | No | 10 |
| Custer | No | 0 |
| Cut Bank | -NA- | -NA- |
| Daniels | Yes | 0 |
| Dawson | Yes | 6 |
| Fallon | No | 2 |
| Fergus | No | -NA- |
| Flathead | Yes | 48 |
| Gallatin | Yes | 19 |
| Garfield | No | 0 |
| Glacier | Yes | 2 |
| Golden Valley | -NA- | -NA- |
| Granite . | . No | 0 |
| Havre | Yes | 0 |
| Hill | Yes | 11 |
| Jefferson | Yes | 3 |
| Lake | No | 4 |
| Lewis & Clark | Yes | 104 |
| Lincoln | Yes | 22 |
| Madison | No | 0 |
| McCone | No | Ō |
| Mineral | Yes | -NA- |
| Missoula | No | 12 |
| Park | Yes | ·NA- |
| Phillips | No | 0 |
| Pondera | No | 1 |
| Powder River | Yes | 4 |
| Prairie | Yes | Ò |
| Ravalli | Yes | 6 |
| Richland | No | 2 |
| Roosevelt | No | ō |
| Rosebud-Colstrip | Yes | 2 |
| Rosebud-Forsyth | Yes | 4 |
| Sanders | No | 2 |
| Sheridan | Yes | 1 |
| Silver Bow | Yes | 15 |
| Stillwater | No | 1 |
| Sweet Grass | No | 1 |
| Teton | No | Ö |
| Treasure | No | ŏ |
| Valley | No | Ö |
| Wheatland | Yes | . 1 |
| Whitefish | No | 10 |
| Yellowstone | No | -NA- |

Source: Montana State Legislature, Joint Interim Subcommittee on Adult and Juvenile Detention, Jail Survey, (Helena: MT: Legislative Council, 1990).

Table 2

Local Jails Used for the Detention of Mentally III Persons without Criminal Charge Pending a Civil Commitment Hearing

| | Mentally ill held pending |
|-----------------|---------------------------|
| <u>Name</u> | civil commitment hearing? |
| Beaverhead | Yes |
| Big Horn | Yes |
| Broadwater | Ye s |
| Cascade | Yes |
| Dawson | Yes |
| Fergus | Yes |
| Flathead | Yes |
| Gallatin | Yes |
| Glacier | Yes |
| Hill | Yes |
| Jefferson | Yes |
| Lewis & Clark | Yes |
| Lincoln | Yes |
| Madison | Yes |
| Park | Yes |
| Powder River | Yes |
| Prairie | Yes |
| Rosebud-Forsyth | Yes |
| Sanders | Yes |
| Silver Bow | Yes |

Source: Montana State Legislature, Joint Interim Subcommittee on Adult and Juvenile Detention, Jail Survey (Helena, MT: Legislative Council, 1990).

Table 3

Local Jails that Rank Detention of the Mentally III as One of the Five Most Serious Problems Affecting the Jail

| <u>Name</u> | Ranking |
|------------------|---------|
| Blaine | 4 |
| Chouteau | 1 |
| Daniels | 2 |
| Fallon | 2 |
| Fergus | 4 |
| Flathead | 2 |
| Gallatin | 3 |
| Glacier | 1 |
| Granite | 2 |
| Havre | 4 |
| Jefferson | 4 |
| Lewis & Clark | 5 |
| Lincoln | 3 |
| Park | 1 |
| Phillips | 5 |
| Pondera | 5 |
| Rosebud-Colstrip | 4 |
| Rosebud-Forsyth | 3 |
| Sheridan | 1 |
| Whitefish | 4 |
| Yellowstone | 5 |

1 = Most Serious Problem Affecting the Jail

Source: Montana State Legislature, Joint Interim Subcommittee on Adult and Juvenile Detention, Jail Survey (Helena, MT: Legislative Council, 1990).